

## BANK FOR SAVINGS MEETS SLOWER RUN

Only \$250,000 Withdrawn  
Yesterday, as Against  
\$980,000 Friday.

REDEPOSITS REACH  
A TOTAL OF \$17,500

New Accounts for Day Are \$5,500  
—Crowd Lines Up in Storm—  
All Demands Met.

The run on the Bank for Savings abated considerably yesterday. The approximate withdrawals at the close of the business day, at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon, showed that \$250,000 had been withdrawn, as against \$980,000 for the previous day. Reassurances were also shown by a number of depositors who had withdrawn their accounts going to the bank yesterday and redepositing. Sums aggregating \$17,500 were put in the bank yesterday as new deposits, and the total redeposited was said to be \$17,500.

When the doors of the institution opened yesterday, at 8 o'clock, there were but 100 persons in line. The number grew as time went on, but by 1:30 o'clock, an hour and a half after the regular closing time, all had been accommodated, and as there were no more in sight the doors were closed.

At 10 o'clock the line was made up of about 600 persons, who because of the crowd already in the bank were compelled to stand in the downpour of rain. In some cases persons who stood in the line for more than three hours and were thoroughly drenched changed their minds when they reached the paying teller's window and decided to leave their money. There was a greater number who withdrew only small amounts yesterday. This is taken by the bank directors as an indication that the depositors are confident there is no grounds for the run on the bank.

The daily withdrawals, beginning Tuesday, the day prior to the run, show the following: Tuesday, \$157,000; Wednesday, \$354,000; Thursday, \$800,000; Friday, \$980,000; Saturday, about \$200,000. The total withdrawals for the four days of the run reached \$2,391,000.

An interesting story was told yesterday by Walter Trimble, president of the bank, of two Italians who came to the bank Friday night. They were laborers. They said their wives had withdrawn their accounts the day before, but they wanted to put the money back. The two accounts amounted to \$6.00.

In speaking of the run Mr. Trimble said: "Every dollar taken out of the bank makes the securities stronger. There was no uneasiness on the part of any of the directors of the institution, many of whom were at the bank the greater part of the day reassuring those who came to withdraw their accounts."

A conspicuous depositor yesterday was the Rev. William Wilkinson, "the Bishop of Wall Street." He came, he said, to deposit an account of \$200 he had withdrawn from the Seaboard Bank. After making the deposit he proudly displayed his passbook to the line of depositors, and to those he knew said: "This is what I think of the run on the Bank for Savings. If the run keeps up I intend to withdraw some of my savings in other banks and deposit them here."

The largest withdrawal yesterday was that of a well-dressed foreigner. He had three accounts, \$8,000 in all. He was at the bank for more than four hours. After withdrawing the money he sat for two hours on a bench as though in deep thought and watched the receiving teller's window. He finally left after putting the money in an inside pocket.

Inspector Gillen and a staff of Headquarters detectives were on hand to guard against pickpockets.

## MANY SEEK GLYNN IN VAIN Call at Hotel Here Only to Find Illness Postponed Trip.

Many were disappointed yesterday to learn that Governor Glynn had postponed his trip to New York. There were scores of calls for the Governor at the Hotel Vanderbilt, before it was announced that illness would prevent his coming here until Tuesday.

The Governor, however, is anxious to consult organization leaders as well as independent Democrats in regard to his appointments. He had hoped to have them out of the way long ago, but the necessity of using the greatest care not to start a factional fight in the organization this fall, because of the graft revelations, has led him to go slow.

One thing Governor Glynn is most anxious to do is to get William Church Osborn to consent to be chairman of the Democratic State Committee. Mr. Osborn has told his friends he would do so under stated conditions, but George M. Palmer has said he will not resign. The Governor is doubtful of the wisdom of taking him from the state committee by giving him a state job.

## IGNORES WIDOW IN WILL Sterry Leaves \$1,000,000 to His Brother William.

New Brunswick, N. J., Jan. 31.—The will of James Weaver Sterry, who died January 2 in Metuchen, leaves to his brother William DeWitt Sterry, of Roselle, his entire estate, estimated at \$1,000,000, except \$5,000 left to a cousin, Harriet Sterry Park, of New York.

A few months before Sterry died his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Sterry, brought suit for separation, charging desertion and cruelty. Mr. Sterry defeated the action by setting up that Mrs. Sterry was not his wife, as she had never secured a legal divorce from her first husband, Albert S. Rennie, of Chicago.

Sterry inherited his property when, on May 19, 1902, his brother, George W. Sterry, Jr., shot and killed his father and then killed himself in the offices of Weaver & Sterry, 73 Pine street, New York.

## Tilden Centennial Plans.

The Tilden Centennial Commission announced yesterday that Mayor Mitchell would make the opening address at the state celebration of Samuel J. Tilden's 100th anniversary at Carnegie Hall, Tuesday evening, February 10th. Other speakers will be Herman Ridder, Governor Baldwin of Connecticut, Francis L. Stetson and Charles S. Fairchild. Miss Anna Case, of the Metropolitan Opera company, will sing. The upper gallery will be thrown open to the public.

ANDREW CARNEGIE POSING FOR MOVING PICTURES.



## MR. CARNEGIE IN FILMS

Miss Phillips the Lorelei That  
Lures Him Into Picture.

Being ill is one thing, says Andrew Carnegie, but being too ill to have one's picture taken with a pretty girl is something radically different. At his house, at Fifth avenue and 92d street, Mr. Carnegie yesterday submitted to being "filmed" twice, both times in company with Miss Norma Phillips, moving picture actress.

When the moving picture people arrived at the Carnegie home they were informed that Mr. Carnegie was too ill to appear. "I got up out of bed myself," said Miss Phillips, "to keep my appointment with him."

When this information was conveyed to Mr. Carnegie he said that if a young lady could do such a thing he could, too. The ironmaster then dressed and did his stunt for the camera, appearing quite nonchalant and at ease during the operation. A picture was taken of Mr. Carnegie in his doorway and then one in his garden. This is Mr. Carnegie's second "movie" experience of the week, he having performed for the talking pictures a few days ago.

"I don't know why I'm doing it," said Mr. Carnegie yesterday, "but I don't seem to mind it at all."

Miss Phillips is the young woman who deceived Mayor Mitchell into being photographed two weeks ago.

## NO TRUST, SAYS CAN CO.

American Concern Denies the  
Charges in Government Suit.

Baltimore, Jan. 31.—Counsel for the American Can Company filed in the United States District Court here today a general denial of the government's allegations in its suit for a dissolution of the company on the ground that it is a trust in unlawful restraint of trade. The American Sheet and Tin Plate Company, which was made a defendant because of an agreement it is alleged to have with the American Can Company to sell it tin at a preferential rate, denied the charge in a separate answer.

Edward Hacker, of Knoxville, Tenn., was appointed special examiner to take testimony. The government will begin the hearings on February 5 at the office of the American Can Company in New York City.

The Can company declares in its answer that the tin can industry of the United States has never been more healthy than it is today.

"It is true," continues the answer, "that restrictive covenants in the form set out in the petition were inserted in many, but by no means all of the contracts, whereby said plants and businesses were acquired, this not in furtherance of any unlawful combination or conspiracy, but because such covenants were usual, and had been used in similar contracts from remote times."

Attorney General McReynolds asked for a dissolution of the company on a pro rata basis by asking for a separation into units of different ownership to insure the restoration of competition.

## THREE FIREWOMEN NAMED

Adamson Makes "Smoke Eater" Suffrage an Issue.

Seattle may have blazed the trail by putting women on its police force, but Commissioner Adamson of the Fire Department, has gone that town one better by making three New York women "firemen." They are Miss Juliet Arden, of No. 6 West 1st street; Miss Deborah V. Sabarah V. Sabarahovich, of No. 799 Jennings street, The Bronx, and Miss Charlotte L. Stollberg, of No. 41 West 4th street.

The Fire Commissioner announced their appointment yesterday. Their duties will consist of making inspections and reports on factories, particularly those where women are employed; moving picture theatres, dance halls and like places. They will see that "No smoking" signs are properly displayed and not violated. All of the women appointed are well known settlement and sociological workers.

## REFORM BOYS FIGHT FIRE

Prisoners on Honor Try in Vain  
to Save Home.

Vergennes, Vt., Jan. 31.—Nearly 120 boys, whose ages range from seven to nineteen years, were made homeless today by a fire that destroyed the main building of the Vermont Industrial School, a reformatory institution, of which they were inmates. The boys worked valiantly and saved practically all the contents of the building. The loss is about \$75,000.

A heavy snowstorm and falling temperature caused the boys much discomfort. They are kept on their honor at all times and none attempted to leave the grounds while the fire was burning.

## Winkelman & Co. Move.

Owing to the increase in public accumulation of securities, L. L. Winkelman & Co., brokers, have been obliged to move their Philadelphia branch offices to larger quarters, at Nos. 129 and 141 South Broad street, in that city. These offices were formerly occupied by E. H. Harriman & Co.

Mr. Winkelman believes that recent improvement in business conditions will be indefinitely maintained.

## CITY, SAYS MAYOR, NEEDS A GOETHALS

Mitchel Insists at City Club  
Police Must Be Ruled by  
Such a Leader.

FAVORS OWN RECALL  
IF HE FAILS IN DUTY

Gans Opposes Idea of Giving the  
Commissioner Greater Power  
than at Present.

At the sixth Saturday luncheon of the City Club yesterday Mayor Mitchell gave the present status of the Goethals incident and presented his ideas of how to make the Police Department efficient.

The Mayor was introduced to two hundred members of the club by Charles H. Strong, president of the organization. He said in part:

"The office of Police Commissioner is the rock on which so many administrations have failed. I want a man at the head of the Police Department of New York City of experience, of capacity, possessed of that breadth of training which means a response to the purely human touch; a man who has made good in the work he set out to do before and who while in it inspired the loyalty of those he commanded and got the best out of them. I want the police to be attuned to the ideas of such a Commissioner, from the inspectors down to the patrolmen."

"The final solution of the police problem ought to be brought directly home to the people and put squarely up to them. For that reason I advocate, and always have advocated, the recall of the Mayor of New York. If the Commissioner fails and the Mayor fails to act, the people should be the court of last resort."

## Home Rule for New York.

"It is true that the whole of the citizenship of New York is not in sympathy with some of the laws as they now stand or are willing to lend their moral support in their enforcement. But this is true because the majority here have never had a chance to express themselves in those same laws and read into them those things which experience has taught are needed to meet conditions here. I favor, when the charter question reaches the point for action, a measure of home rule capable of giving local expression and logical development."

"The five bills sent to the Legislature reflect the spirit of a Police Department in tune. They are co-ordinated and are in reality one. Briefly, they give the Commissioner the power of judging the capabilities, the devotion and the trustworthiness of his men. Under the present system it is impossible for a Commissioner of Police to dismiss a subordinate, even if he knows him to be inefficient, without a court review, where legal proof must be introduced—a thing which in many cases cannot be done. Considering the wide interests of this great city, it is a far, far better thing that one or two perhaps innocent men should be dismissed from the service than to permit others known to be unfit to flourish because there is no way of getting at them."

"I believe the day has gone by when the Police Commissioner of New York will dare use his office for political purposes. I believe the day has gone by when the Mayor will dare allow politics to interfere with the operation of the police force. It is my firm conviction that if these added powers are given the Police Commissioner we can reach out the system in the Police Department. There is no reason why Colonel Goethals should not become a public institution if the Legislature makes the required changes in the laws."

## Gans Disagrees with Mayor.

Howard S. Gans, a member of the police committee of the City Club, immediately took the floor to oppose the police policy of the Mayor. He said:

"In the event of the appointment of Colonel Goethals or any other Police Commissioner with enlarged powers a demoralization of the force is bound to follow. The people are not in sympathy with the present laws governing excise, gambling and prostitution. The police would not know, if a Police Commissioner be given arbitrary powers, whether to enforce existing laws or not. Place a policeman under the despotism of a transient idea and he loses in courage and efficiency. I would sooner submit to the ironclad hand of Devery than the imbecile administration of a Rhinelander Waldo."

Both the Mayor and George W. Perkins talked freely about the Goethals situation. The Mayor said that he did not want any one to think that he had been precipitate in his announcement of Colonel Goethals as the next Commissioner of Police.

Among those present were C. Ludwig Baumann, William G. Wilcox, William McAdoo, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., R. R. Fosdick, former Commissioner of Accounts, and Dr. Katharine B. Davis, Commissioner of Correction.

## SCUDDER COURTS COY JOB

Banker Is in Washington Chasing  
Reserve Board Post.

Persons wanting jobs on the Federal Reserve Board, it is the opinion of S. D. Scudder, who is one of the crowd, would do well to go after them, despite the statement from the White House that the office should seek the man. Mr. Scudder is in Washington courting the coy position.

"I know nothing of my father's plans," said Mr. Scudder's son, T. V. Scudder, at the Jefferson Bank, this city, yesterday. "He has been in Washington three months, and intends to stay there until he gets the appointment."

Mr. Scudder vaulted into public notice at the bankers' conference in Boston by going to the rescue of the currency bill when it was sorely beset. Soon after he retired from the Jefferson Bank and the Richmond Savings and Trust Company and sent a circular letter to "My friends all over the United States" to demonstrate his fitness for the Reserve Board.

## MAIL STRIKERS GET OFF EASY

Six Leaders to Serve Year or  
More, Three Free on  
Probation.

Leniency marked the sentences imposed yesterday by Judge Killits, in the United States District Court, on the eleven chauffeurs convicted of obstructing the mail during the recent strike. David Hockberg, former president of the Chauffeurs' Union; William Krall, its recording secretary; and Timothy Kennedy got eighteen months each in Atlanta prison; Patrick Johnson, about whom the strike centred; Charles McCaffray and William V. Eustis must serve fifteen months and James Fasana one year in the same place; George F. McGrath, William J. Simpson and Louis Terry went free under suspended sentences of one year, and Frank Gillette was sent to Blackwell's island for sixty days.

In passing sentence Judge Killits told the prisoners they had no right to leave their work and no right to use even peaceful methods in attempting to induce others to quit punning mail cars.

"You resorted too much to old John Barleycorn for advice," he said. "I don't think the John Barleycorn you get in Chelsea Village is any better to resort to than some you can get on Fifth avenue or upper Broadway."

With the contention of Mann Trice, their counsel, that the men should have been tried by a jury made up of members of labor unions Judge Killits had no patience. "You might as well ask," said he, "that a defaulting banker be tried by a jury of bank presidents or a Chinaman accused of smuggling opium by twelve Chinamen."

Friends of the prisoners were so sure that they would be acquitted that they had hired a hall on Avenue A and provided fifteen kegs of beer—one for each prisoner—to celebrate. Yesterday the beer was sent back to the dealer, and the money donated to the families of those who were sent away.

## CONVICT ESCAPES DEATH

"Sentenced to Death" in Clinton,  
He Goes to Blackwell's.

Although convicted of a felony Henry Harvey was sent to Blackwell's island yesterday by order of Judge Nott in General Sessions. Harvey pleaded guilty of burglary. He wrote to Judge Nott that his life would be in danger in state's prison as he had been "sentenced to death" because, while a prisoner in Clinton prison, he had exposed a plot to escape on the part of other prisoners.

Judge Nott made inquiries and found that Harvey's story was true and that owing to his physical condition he would be transferred to Clinton Prison from Sing Sing. He therefore sentenced him to one year in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$500, which means that he will spend practically the same time in the penitentiary as he would had the state's prison sentence been imposed but will be in no danger from his enemies in Clinton Prison.

## TO "FLASHLIGHT" JUNGLE

Former Representative Now an  
Explorer-Photographer.

A. G. Anthony, an explorer of the American Museum of Natural History, left this city yesterday for Panama, where he will be joined later by George Shiras, former Representative in Congress from Pennsylvania, who will take flashlight pictures of jungle folk. While Anthony will collect birds and mammals for the museum, Shiras will go after pictures.

At the museum Mr. Anthony said it was the first time any expedition of the sort had ever been undertaken. Working in the jungle at night was more than one disadvantage, but mosquitoes are feared more than jaguars. Preparations to keep the pests away were taken by the explorer, who also took the typhoid fever immunization treatment.

Mr. Shiras is in Florida. He will leave for Panama in about ten days.

## FINED ON HIS HONEYMOON

Wooster Lambert Pays Rather  
than Part with Bride for Ocell.

Wooster Lambert, said to be well known in business and society circles in St. Louis, preferred to spend the remainder of his honeymoon at the Ritz-Carlton, in this city, rather than linger alone in a cell in the Queens County Jail at Long Island City.

After saying that he believed the laws of New York were very severe and the policemen still more severe, he paid a fine of \$25 in the Long Island City Police Court yesterday for speeding.

He had been summoned to court late Friday evening by Motorcycle Policeman Harry Skell, who held him up near the Queensboro Bridge. He was driving a high-power car, and said that he was taking his bride to visit friends on Long Island.

Skelly said the automobile was going thirty-five miles an hour.

Lambert said he would go to jail. But he altered his mind when he found it meant waiting in jail.

## SAY IT'S JOY RIDE NO. 2

Officials Think Woman in Auto  
Crash Was ex-Eloper.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Bridgeport, Conn., Jan. 31.—William D. Webb, a rich jeweller, of Greenwich, Conn., whose automobile leaped a parapet in Seaside Park last night and landed him and a woman companion among some rocks twenty feet below, was remanded for trial in the City Court this morning. Bonds for \$50 were furnished by Captain Talbot, of the Greenwich police.

Lillian Noonan, the young woman in the case, was taken to the Emergency Hospital with a broken arm. She is said by officials at Norwalk, her home, to be the same woman who gained notoriety several years ago in a similar midnight ride, when she eloped with Philip Schaub, son of the proprietor of the Branchville Inn, near Ridgefield. On that occasion the father's pursuit failed to prevent the couple from getting married. Webb is charged with driving an automobile while intoxicated.

## GIBSON ON NEW CHARGE

Lawyer Now Faces Trial for  
Stealing Szabo Estate.

Burton W. Gibson, the lawyer who was tried twice for killing Rosa Menschik Szabo at Greenwood Lake, will be arraigned to-morrow in General Sessions upon an indictment charging misappropriation of the estate of Mrs. Szabo. If convicted, Gibson may be sentenced not only to five years for grand larceny but to pay a fine amounting to the total of his misappropriation. In case he failed to pay the fine an additional five years might be added to his sentence.

There are two other indictments against Gibson, one charging grand larceny and one forger. The District Attorney intends to put the lawyer on trial late this month.

## New Lehigh Tug Is Polite.

A tug that will be able to take off its hat, so to speak, and bow to all the bridges was launched at Port Richmond yesterday morning. It was named the Black Diamond and will shuttle car floats about New York Harbor for the Lehigh Valley Railroad. Tugs that have their smokestacks on hinges are common enough, but this tug lifts off the whole of its smokestack. It is all steel, and is of the same general type as the tug Auburn, also belonging to the Lehigh Valley Railroad, which can shove the biggest car float against the current when the river is jammed with ice.

## Glynn To Be Fordham Guest.

The alumni of Fordham University will attend the annual dinner of the association on Tuesday at the Hotel Knickerbocker, in honor of Martin H. Glynn, Governor Glynn was graduated in the class of 1894, and has since received the honorary degree of LL. D. from the university.

Among those present will be Cardinal Farley, ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, John T. McDonough of Albany, Monsignor Lavelle, Justice John J. Brady, Judge William L. Tierney of Greenwich, Conn., and George B. Hayes. The Rev. Thomas J. McCuskey, S. J., is the president of the university.

## NO SECRET LOBBYING

New Haven Railroad Announces  
Legislative Counsel.

Boston, Jan. 31.—The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company today announced that George L. Barnes, formerly a Senator and until recently the chairman of the legislative committee of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, had been appointed legislative counsel for the railroad in this state.

The road's statement said that Mr. Barnes and his assistant, George L. Almeder, Jr., would be the only persons authorized to represent the company in the Legislature and added:

"This is in line with the announced policy of the company of handling any business before the Legislature in an open and frank manner."

## Riverdale Boys Give Tango.

The first of several winter subscription dances given by the older boys of Riverdale Country School, Riverdale-on-Hudson, was held last evening. The modern dances, including the hesitation, one-step and tango, were not only permitted by the chaperons, but cordially approved. The chaperons were Mrs. Frank S. Hackett, Mrs. Edward H. Jewett, Mrs. Paul Outerbridge, Mrs. John McKesson Camp and Mrs. John L. Tildesley.

The dancers were the Misses Nina Jenney, Mary Klopsch, Jane Tildesley, Jeanette Briscoe, Grace Cortelyou, Margaret Gale, Helen Outerbridge, Helen Curtin, Helen Moore, Zella Boynton, Dawn J. Adams, Norwood M. Smith, "Jack" Bertschmann, William Gale, John L. Tildesley, Jr., Donald McCord, Gregory N. Camp, Charles Hoff, Robert C. Murray, Alfred F. Hofmann and Dr. Erich Zimmermann.

## Malone May Be Promoted.

Edward S. Malone, who has been in the Corporation Counsel's office since 1904, is being considered for first assistant, in place of the late George L. Sterling. For some years Mr. Malone, whose salary is \$6,000 a year, was in charge of the work of the Law Department in Queens Borough. He is a brother of Justice Malone, of General Sessions. The salary of the first assistant is \$10,000 a year.

The store will be opened daily at 9 A. M.

# STERN BROTHERS

Forty-second and Forty-third Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

Motor and Carriage Entrance on Forty-third Street

For Monday, there has been arranged, on the Second Floor, a Sale of

85,000 Yards of the most desirable  
IMPORTED DRESS SILKS

At Price Reductions of One-Third to One-Half Less Than Actual Values

including the following favored and seasonable weaves:

Imported Printed Chiffons, in a wide range of exclusive designs, at \$1.15  
Values \$1.75 to 2.75 Yard

Imported Foulards and Printed Shantung, in black and white and blue and white combinations, also new Buddhist designs, Value \$2.50 Yd, at \$1.65

Imported Brocaded Louisine, Charmeuse and Bengalines, at \$1.90  
Values \$2.50 to 3.50 Yard

Additional Importations of Crepe de Chine, 40 to 42 ins. wide, in the latest Parisian colorings, also white, ivory and black, Values \$2.50 and 2.75 Yard at \$1.45

Also Imported Chiffon Taffetas, 36 inches wide, in white and black only, Value \$2.25 Yard,

To-morrow, on the Second Floor, an Important Offering of

Early Spring Importations of

## COTTON AND LINEN DRESS FABRICS

At the following Extraordinary Price Advantages:

9500 Yds. Irish Dress Linens, 36 ins. wide, pure yarn dyed flax, in a complete line of this season's most popular shades; also black and white, 28c Yard

Imported Ramie Linen, 36 ins. wide, pure flax, in white, cream and natural. Regularly 50c Yd

125 Pieces Imported Crepes, 36 and 42 ins. wide, white ground with colored stripes and check effects; also plain colors and black and white. Regularly \$1.00, 55c Yard

French Novelty Ratine, 42 ins. wide, in desirable designs and color combinations. Regularly \$1.95, 95c Yard

To-morrow, on the Second Floor, will be held the Annual Clearance

## Sale of Women's Fine Footwear

Women's Button and Lace Shoes, in black, gray and brown suede; black velvet, black Russia calf and patent leather, with black cloth, grey suede, black kid and white calf tops; common sense and Cuban heels; welted soles, at \$3.65  
Formerly \$5.00 and 6.00

Women's Button Shoes, in tan and black Russia calf and patent leather with kid and cloth tops. Spanish, Louis XV and Cuban heels, hand turned and welted soles, at \$6.25  
Formerly 8.00 and 10.00

Walking Pumps, Colonial and Oxford Ties, discontinued lines, in various leathers; range of sizes incomplete. Formerly \$4.00 and 5.00, at 1.95

## The Upholstery Departments—On the Fourth Floor

To-morrow, an Exceptional Offering of

7000 Yards Fancy Curtain Scrim, in white, cream and Arabe shades, Values 28c to 35c Yard, at 17c

They have also arranged for Monday, a limited assortment of the season's most desirable styles in French Lace Curtains, Lace Spreads, Printed Bed Covers and Portieres,

At 33 1/3 to 50% Less Than Former Prices

French Lace Curtains, Values \$7.50 to 14.50 Pair, \$4.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.75

French Lace Panels and Stores, Values \$7.50 to 12.50 Each, 4.50, 6.00, 7.25

Reversible French Jute and Jasse Velour Portieres, in the leading color combinations, Value \$30.00 Pair, at 17.50